



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Bill Cassidy
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
455 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Cassidy:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and

¹ The American Bankers Association (ABA) is "The voice of the nation's \$23.4 trillion banking industry, which is composed of small, regional and large banks that together employ approximately 2.1 million people, safeguard \$18.6 trillion in deposits and extend \$12.3 trillion in loans."

The Community Development Bankers Association (CDBA) is "The national trade association of the community development bank sector, representing the 358 CDFI-certified banks, thrifts and bank holding companies with a mission of serving low- and moderate-income communities. Together, these institutions hold over \$120 billion in assets, and represent approximately a quarter of the CDFI industry by number and by assets. CDBA leads the growth and development of our sector, building healthy institutions with the capacity to promote access to capital and financial services in distressed and underserved communities."

The Independent Community Bankers of America® (ICBA) "Creates and promotes an environment where community banks flourish. ICBA is dedicated exclusively to representing the interests of the community banking industry and its membership through effective advocacy, best-in-class education, and high-quality products and services. With nearly 50,000 locations nationwide, community banks employ nearly 700,000 Americans and are the only physical banking presence in one in three U.S. counties. Holding \$5.8 trillion in assets, \$4.8 trillion in deposits, and \$3.8 trillion in loans to consumers, small businesses and the agricultural community, community banks channel local deposits into the Main Streets and neighborhoods they serve, spurring job creation, fostering innovation and fueling their customers' dreams in communities throughout America."

communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Louisiana, there are currently 108 certified CDFIs, including 31 credit unions, 4 loan funds, and 73 banks or bank holding companies. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Louisiana have leveraged a total of \$360,542,047 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

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We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Todd Young
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
185 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Young:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

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As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Indiana, there are currently 17 certified CDFIs. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Indiana have leveraged a total of \$14,897,939 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

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Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Mike Crapo
Ranking Member
Committee on Finance
Member
Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
United States Senate
239 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Crapo:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

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The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

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As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Idaho, there are currently 10 certified CDFIs. Of these, a further 2 are also designated as Native CDFIs. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Idaho have leveraged a total of \$28,741,784 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

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limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.

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Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Charles Grassley
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
135 Hart Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Grassley:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

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As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Iowa, there are currently 9 certified CDFIs, including 5 credit unions and 4 loan funds. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Iowa have leveraged a total of \$31,309,777 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

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Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Steve Daines
Member
Committee on Finance
Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
United States Senate
320 Hart Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Daines:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

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Ranking Member
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United States Senate
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The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In South Carolina, there are currently 23 certified CDFIs, including 13 credit unions, 6 loan funds, and 4 banks or bank holding companies. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in South Carolina have leveraged a total of \$74,551,671 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no*

limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Marsha Blackburn
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
357 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Blackburn:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and

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The Community Development Bankers Association (CDBA) is "The national trade association of the community development bank sector, representing the 358 CDFI-certified banks, thrifts and bank holding companies with a mission of serving low- and moderate-income communities. Together, these institutions hold over \$120 billion in assets, and represent approximately a quarter of the CDFI industry by number and by assets. CDBA leads the growth and development of our sector, building healthy institutions with the capacity to promote access to capital and financial services in distressed and underserved communities."

The Independent Community Bankers of America® (ICBA) "Creates and promotes an environment where community banks flourish. ICBA is dedicated exclusively to representing the interests of the community banking industry and its membership through effective advocacy, best-in-class education, and high-quality products and services. With nearly 50,000 locations nationwide, community banks employ nearly 700,000 Americans and are the only physical banking presence in one in three U.S. counties. Holding \$5.8 trillion in assets, \$4.8 trillion in deposits, and \$3.8 trillion in loans to consumers, small businesses and the agricultural community, community banks channel local deposits into the Main Streets and neighborhoods they serve, spurring job creation, fostering innovation and fueling their customers' dreams in communities throughout America."

communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Tennessee, there are currently 51 certified CDFIs, including 22 banks or bank holding companies, 10 loan funds, and 19 credit unions. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Tennessee have leveraged a total of \$146,075,346 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Thom Tillis
Member
Committee on Finance
Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
United States Senate
113 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Tillis:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community

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impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In North Carolina, there are currently 27 certified CDFIs, including 12 credit unions, 14 loan funds, and 1 bank. Of these, a further 1 is also designated as a Native CDFI. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in North Carolina have leveraged a total of \$201,828,223 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable James Lankford
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
316 Hart Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Lankford:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and

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The Community Development Bankers Association (CDBA) is "The national trade association of the community development bank sector, representing the 358 CDFI-certified banks, thrifts and bank holding companies with a mission of serving low- and moderate-income communities. Together, these institutions hold over \$120 billion in assets, and represent approximately a quarter of the CDFI industry by number and by assets. CDBA leads the growth and development of our sector, building healthy institutions with the capacity to promote access to capital and financial services in distressed and underserved communities."

The Independent Community Bankers of America® (ICBA) "Creates and promotes an environment where community banks flourish. ICBA is dedicated exclusively to representing the interests of the community banking industry and its membership through effective advocacy, best-in-class education, and high-quality products and services. With nearly 50,000 locations nationwide, community banks employ nearly 700,000 Americans and are the only physical banking presence in one in three U.S. counties. Holding \$5.8 trillion in assets, \$4.8 trillion in deposits, and \$3.8 trillion in loans to consumers, small businesses and the agricultural community, community banks channel local deposits into the Main Streets and neighborhoods they serve, spurring job creation, fostering innovation and fueling their customers' dreams in communities throughout America."

communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Oklahoma, there are currently 17 certified CDFIs, including 5 credit unions, 6 loan funds, 5 banks or bank holding companies, and 1 venture capital fund. Of these, a further 7 are also designated as Native CDFIs. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Oklahoma have leveraged a total of \$77,654,776 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable John Thune
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
511 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Thune:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and

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communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In South Dakota there are currently 16 certified CDFIs, including 12 nonprofits and 4 credit unions. Of these, a further 7 are also designated as Native CDFIs. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in South Dakota have leveraged a total of \$103,256,976 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

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To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable John Cornyn
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
517 Hart Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Cornyn:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

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The Independent Community Bankers of America® (ICBA) "Creates and promotes an environment where community banks flourish. ICBA is dedicated exclusively to representing the interests of the community banking industry and its membership through effective advocacy, best-in-class education, and high-quality products and services. With nearly 50,000 locations nationwide, community banks employ nearly 700,000 Americans and are the only physical banking presence in one in three U.S. counties. Holding \$5.8 trillion in assets, \$4.8 trillion in deposits, and \$3.8 trillion in loans to consumers, small businesses and the agricultural community, community banks channel local deposits into the Main Streets and neighborhoods they serve, spurring job creation, fostering innovation and fueling their customers' dreams in communities throughout America."

communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Texas, there are currently 51 certified CDFIs, including 19 credit unions, 10 loan funds, 22 banks or bank holding companies and 1 venture capital fund. Of these, one is also designated as a Native CDFI. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Texas have leveraged a total of \$259,759,110 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable John Barrasso
Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate
307 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Barrasso:

On behalf of the members of the undersigned associations¹ representing the full range of United States domestic banks and thrifts, we write to express our enthusiastic support for the bipartisan "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act of 2023" (S. 2963) introduced by Senators Mark Warner (D-VA) and Roger Wicker (R-MS).

The Community Development Investment Tax Credit is a smart and strategic tool that will use a very small amount of public resources to leverage private investment and generate enormous community impact - CDFIs can leverage capital up 12 times for every dollar invested to serve credit markets and

¹ The American Bankers Association (ABA) is "The voice of the nation's \$23.4 trillion banking industry, which is composed of small, regional and large banks that together employ approximately 2.1 million people, safeguard \$18.6 trillion in deposits and extend \$12.3 trillion in loans."

The Community Development Bankers Association (CDBA) is "The national trade association of the community development bank sector, representing the 358 CDFI-certified banks, thrifts and bank holding companies with a mission of serving low- and moderate-income communities. Together, these institutions hold over \$120 billion in assets, and represent approximately a quarter of the CDFI industry by number and by assets. CDBA leads the growth and development of our sector, building healthy institutions with the capacity to promote access to capital and financial services in distressed and underserved communities."

The Independent Community Bankers of America® (ICBA) "Creates and promotes an environment where community banks flourish. ICBA is dedicated exclusively to representing the interests of the community banking industry and its membership through effective advocacy, best-in-class education, and high-quality products and services. With nearly 50,000 locations nationwide, community banks employ nearly 700,000 Americans and are the only physical banking presence in one in three U.S. counties. Holding \$5.8 trillion in assets, \$4.8 trillion in deposits, and \$3.8 trillion in loans to consumers, small businesses and the agricultural community, community banks channel local deposits into the Main Streets and neighborhoods they serve, spurring job creation, fostering innovation and fueling their customers' dreams in communities throughout America."

communities that otherwise might not be served. *We respectfully request that you consider supporting this bill as a co-sponsor in the 118th Congress.*

The Bill will unlock much-needed long-term, private-sector financial capital to support high-impact lending by CDFIs dedicated to meeting the financial service and credit needs of low- and moderate-income (LMI), minority, native, and rural communities served by CDFIs. CDFIs are financial institutions that target at least 60% of their total lending and activities to LMI communities underserved by traditional financial service providers. CDFIs can be banks, loan funds, credit unions, or venture capital funds. The programs of the CDFI Fund are one of the Federal government's best market-based strategies for leveraging private dollars to restore economic vitality – this investment tax credit will help CDFIs do even more. *We expect a significant portion of this private investment will come from banks, who will be incentivized to invest in their communities to an even greater degree by this tax credit.*

As of September 2023, there were 1,469 certified CDFIs in the United States, representing over \$450 billion in assets. In Wyoming, there are currently 2 certified CDFIs. Of these, 1 is also designated as a Native CDFI. Since the establishment of the CDFI Fund, CDFIs headquartered in Wyoming have leveraged a total of \$5,597,524 in federal grant awards to support lending in CDFI target markets for affordable housing, small and agricultural businesses, responsible personal loans, community facilities and more.

How Will the Bill Support Underserved Communities?

CDFIs require debt capital to lend and invest, and equity to support their organization and lending activities. However, the debt capital CDFIs receive tends to be short-term, which limits CDFIs' abilities to serve their communities. Equity is the hardest form of capital to raise, but is necessary to support lending and expansion.

The CDFI Fund is a key source of equity for the industry. However, the CDFI Fund's programs and recent historic emergency funding reveal an enduring problem - programs supporting CDFIs are constantly and significantly oversubscribed. For example, the CDFI Fund's FY 2021 Financial Assistance and Technical Assistance awards had \$391 million in demand for the \$140 million available. By encouraging heightened investment from our member institutions and other private investors, this tax credit will dramatically increase the pool of private capital available beyond the limitations of federal programs and existing sources of private capital.

How Does the Community Development Investment Tax Credit Work?

The Bill provides a tax credit for long-term private-sector investments in CDFIs, including equity investments, loans with a minimum term of 10 years, and equity equivalent investments for CDFI loan funds. The credit is a 3% credit for the first 10 years of a qualified investment in a CDFI, and 4% for the following years, up to a maximum of 10 years. There is a 1% increase in the credit for investments without a fixed term or duration. The total credit available is capped, starting at \$1 billion in year one, \$1.5 billion for year two, and \$2 billion for each year thereafter adjusted for inflation. *While there is no limit to the type of entity that may benefit from the tax credit as an investor, we expect a significant portion of capital to come from banks.*

To receive an allocation, eligible CDFIs are required to apply through the CDFI Fund. The bill directs the fund to allocate the credit based on an entity's past performance and ability to attract private capital. It also ensures small and emerging CDFIs and institutions and rural areas will benefit from increased private sector investment. The ultimate effect will be the building up of credit and the creation of enduring wealth in low-income communities.

We strongly support the Community Development Investment Tax Credit as a tool to provide our member banks with the financial support needed to further help CDFIs meet their need for capital. *If you have questions or comments on how to join this bill, please contact Connor DiRusso (Connor_DiRusso@warner.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Mark Warner or Sebastian Paez (Sebastian_Paez@wicker.senate.gov) in the office of Senator Roger Wicker.*

We look forward to collaborating with you to ensure that banks of all sizes can effectively contribute to the growth and prosperity of underserved communities through this transformative legislation.

Sincerely,

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Community Development Bankers Association
Independent Community Bankers of America



January 22, 2024

Via Electronic Submission

The Honorable Ron Wyden
Chair
Finance Committee
United States Senate
221 Dirksen Building
Washington, DC 20510

RE: Support for the "Community Development Investment Tax Credit Act" (S. 2963)

Dear Senator Wyden:

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